Introduction

In this project, you'll be introduced to HTML & CSS by learning how to make your own customised birthday card.



Step 1: What is HTML?

HTML stands for **HyperText Markup Language**, and is the language used to make webpages. Let's have a look at an example!

Activity Checklist

You'll be using a website called Trinket to write HTML. Open this Trinket: jumpto.cc/web-intro.

The project should look like this:



Here are some more:

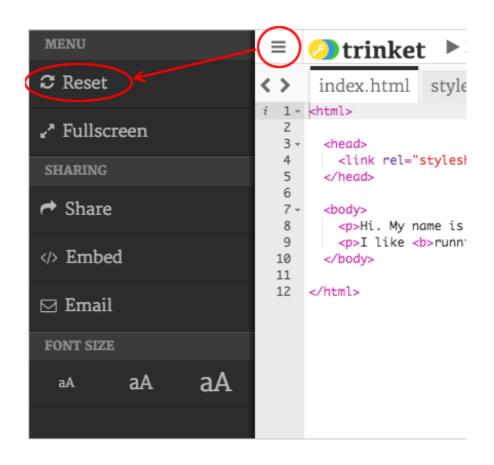
- - -
- <head> and </head> is where stuff like CSS goes (we'll get to that later!);
- <body> and </body> is where your website content goes.

```
1 - <html>
 2
 3 →
        <head>
                             Webpage CSS styling goes here
Webpage HTML content goes here
 4
 5
        </head>
 6
 7 -
        <body>
 8
 9
        </body>
10
11 </html>
```

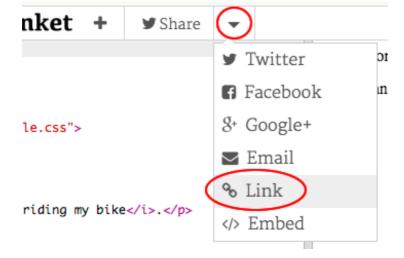
Make a change to one of the paragraphs of text in the HTML (on the left). Click 'Run' and you should see your webpage change (on the right)!

```
5 </head>
6
7 < dbody>
8 Hi. My name is Marlon./p>
9 I like <br/>
/body>
11
12 </html>
```

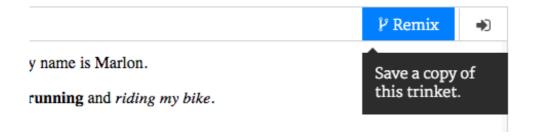
If you have made a mistake and want to undo your changes, you can click the menu button and then click 'Reset'. Try it!



Save Your Project



If you have a Trinket account, the easiest way to save your webpage is to click the 'Remix' button on the top of the Trinket. This will save a copy of the Trinket on your profile.



Challenge: Add another paragraph

Can you add a 3rd paragraph of text to your webpage, below the other 2? Remember that your new paragraph should start with a tag, and end with .

Here's how your webpage should look:

My birthday is on 30th June.

Can you add **bold** and <u>underlined</u> text to your new paragraph? You should use <u> and </u> for underlined text.

Save Your Project

Step 2: What is CSS?

CSS stands for **Cascading Style Sheets**, and is the language used to style webpages and make them look nice. You can link your webpage to a CSS file in the head of an HTML document like this:

```
<html>
<head>
link rel="stylesheet" href="style.css">
</head>
```

Activity Checklist

CSS lists all of the **properties** for a particular tag. Click the 'style.css' tab to see the CSS for your webpage.

```
1 + body {
2    background: white;
3 }
4 + p {
5    color: black;
6 }
```

Find this code:

```
p {
   color: black;
}
```

This CSS code has one property for paragraphs, which is that the text colour should be black.

Change the word 'black' in the CSS to 'blue'. You should see the text colour of all paragraphs change to blue.



Save Your Project

Challenge: Add more style

Can you make the paragraphs of text orange? Or the background grey?

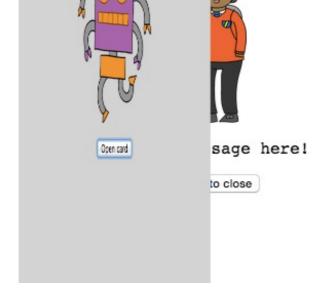
Save Your Project

Step 3: Making a birthday card

reveal the inside.

Let's use what you've learnt about HTML and CSS to make your own custom birthday card.

Activity Checklist	
	Open this Trinket: jumpto.cc/web-card, or use the embedded version below if you're reading this online.
	orry if you don't understand all of the code. This birthday card looks pretty so you're going to make some changes to this HTML and CSS.
	Click the button on the front of the card, and you should see it open to



Go to line 14 of your code. Just like in the earlier example, you can edit any of the text in the HTML to customise the card.



Can you find the HTML for the robot image? (Hint: it's on line 17!)
Change the word robot to sun, and you'll see the image change!



You can use any of the words boy, diamond, dinosaur, flowers, girl, rainbow, robot, spaceship, sun, tea, or trophy.

You can also edit the CSS of the birthday card. Click on the tab for "style.css". It begins with all of the CSS for the outside of the card. Change the background-color to lightgreen.

```
6 height: 100%;
7 text-align: center;
8 transition: 1s;
```

You can also change the size of an image. Go to the #outside-pic CSS, and change the width and height of the outside image to 200px (px stands for pixels).

```
index.html style.css 🌣 script 🛨 🚨
                                                      Happy Birthday!!!!!!!!!!!!
16 - #outside-title {
    color: black;
17
18
    font-family: Courier;
19
    font-size: 12pt;
20
    text-align: center;
21 }
22
23 - #outside-pic {
    width: 200px;
24
25
    height: 200px;
26 }
27
28 - #outside-help {
29 color: black;
30
    font-family: Courier;
                                                                  Click to open
31 font-size: 12pt;
```

The font can be changed too. Go to the #outside-title CSS and change the font-family to Comic Sans MS and the font-size to 16pt.

```
index.html
                 style.css 🌼 script 🛨 🚨
                                                       Happy Birthday!!!!!!!!!1
15
16 - #outside-title {
17
     color: black;
    font-family: Comic Sans MS;
18
19 font-size: 16pt;
20
    text-align: center;
21 }
22
23 - #outside-pic {
24 width: 200px;
     height. 200ny
```

You can use other fonts like arial, Impact and Tahoma.

Save Your Project

making a personalised card. It doesn't even have to be a birthday card, it could be for any occasion!

Here's an example:

Happy Birthday!

Happy 11th Birthday, Ellie!

I hope you have a great day! See you on Saturday for your party!!:) Love Viktoria xx

Circle to close

You can find more CSS colour names at jumpto.cc/colours.

Save Your Project

Now that you've finished your card, you can share or email it to someone.

